

PART I

**This part contains questions from Bhutan Civics, Bhutan,
Indian and World History.
Answer ALL**

Question1

(30 Marks)

Answer the following questions in the spaces provided below:

- i) Signing of all peace treaties are made in the name of the Monarch. What power of the Monarch is exercised if Bhutan ever signs a peace treaty with her neighbour. [1]

- ii) Lyonchen makes a state visit to India and meets the Indian Prime Minister, what role of the Council of Ministers, is exercised during such state visits? Write any **ONE** role. [1]

- iii) The government initiated the establishment and development of Central Schools in our country, which benefitted the economically disadvantaged students. Under which sphere of the Directive Principles of State Policy, does the initiative of the government fall? [1]

- iv) *Your class teacher maintains a record of student attendance in a register and the class captain too is assigned to take class attendance and submit to the class teacher on a weekly basis.*

What problem of the Civil Service is outlined in the above passage?

[1]

- v) List down **ONE** important factor that led to Jigme Namgyal's rapid rise of position under Trongsa Peonlop Tshokey Dorji.

[1]

- vi) List **ONE** function of the Secretariat, an organ of the United Nations Organization.

[1]

- vii) One of the key programmes of the Eleventh Five Year Plan in the area of road development is laid here under:

Construction and upgradation of Southern East-West Highway: The construction and upgradation of the Southern East West Highway (SEWH) from Sipsu to Jomotsangkha will be a priority. In the Eleventh Plan the remaining links between Gelephu – Panbang; Sarpang – Lhamoizingkha; Deothang – Nganglam; and Samrang – Jomotsangkha will be constructed.

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With reference to the above plan, write **TWO** reasons why the priorities of road development activities differed in First and Eleventh Five Year Plans?

[2]

- viii) Education development in Bhutan has been a journey from monastic to modern with establishment of tertiary Institutions. Do you think Bhutan is closer to achieving self sufficiency in education? Quote **TWO** examples from the current educational institutional development to justify your answer.

[2]

[illegible]

- ix) The trend of head of the Indian government visiting Bhutan has continued ever since the first Indian Prime Minister visited Bhutan in 1958. How has this trend benefitted Bhutan in the current times? Write **TWO** examples.

[2]

[illegible]

- x) Analysing the role of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, list **ONE** institution founded by him to encourage English education to the Muslims. [1]

- xi) In the course of the First World War in 1942, the British with the hope to secure Indian support on her side had sent a mission to India. Briefly explain any **TWO** proposals of the mission. [2]

- xii) Lord Curzon and Lord Lytton were considered to be unpopular Viceroys of the British rule in India. As a History learner, who do you think was more anti – Indian in their actions? Justify with **TWO** reasons. [2]

xiii) Briefly describe the tragic incident of April 1919 at Amritsar as a proof of British brutality on the Indian masses.

[2]

- xiv) The launch of the Swadeshi Movement in the beginning of the 20th century, revealed the Indian nationalists' drive for self-reliance. Drawing this value from the Movement, what activity would you coordinate in your school to depict self-reliance. Name the programme and briefly explain **ONE** function to show its focus on self reliance. [2]

- xv) Who was the first Fascist Premier? [1]

- xvi) Benito Mussolini had imposed strict censorship on media. In such situation what **TWO** alternate measures could have been adopted by the Italians to voice their matters in public? [2]

xvii) Draw a timeline of Adolf Hitler’s success in the Second World War highlighting **TWO** important events from 1939 to 1940. [2]

xviii) For the safety of Czechoslovakia, the allies powers convened a meeting at Munich in 1938. Why do you think that the Allied Powers submitted themselves to Adolf Hitler’s demands? Give **TWO** reasons. [2]

PART II

Answer **SEVEN** questions, **one** from **section A** and **two** from **each** of the sections, **B, C & D**.
The intended marks for the questions are given in brackets [].

SECTION A: Bhutan Civics

Answer any **ONE** question.

[10 Marks]

Question 2

- a) Following the article 2 section 14 of the Constitution of Bhutan, the Privy Council was formed. What are the **TWO** responsibilities performed by members of the Privy Council in fulfilling the demand of the Constitution.

[2]

- b) Use the passage given below to answer Q i. and ii.

On June 2015, transport ministers of Bangladesh, Bhutan, India and Nepal (BBIN) signed motor vehicle agreement for the movement of passenger and cargo vehicle among these countries. While certain percent of National Assembly supported the bill for Bhutan joining the agreement, most members of the National Council voted against it citing environmental concerns and future concerns to Bhutan.

- [1]

A Judicial power
B Executive power
C Legislative power
D Diplomatic power

- [2]

[illegible]

- c) Following the Royal command, the RCSC institutionalized Royal Civil Service Award in 2013. What additional incentives could be introduced by the following bodies to boost the morale of the civil servants? List an initiative each against each organization listed below: [5]

Organization	Incentive
Office of the Prime Minister.	
Anti Corruption Commission.	
Royal Civil Service Commission.	
Concerned Organization.	
Gross National Happiness Commission	

Question 3

- a) The Directive Principles of State Policy are the principles that direct and guide the government when formulating policies and framing laws. With reference to the statement, how do you think that the Directive Principles of State Policy will help in effective implementation of government plans and policies? Explain **FIVE** measures. [5]

[illegible]

SECTION B: Bhutan History

Answer any **TWO** questions.

[20 Marks]

Question 4

- a) To achieve the goal of Gross National Happiness, His Majesty the Fourth Druk Gyalpo initiated the process of decentralization. Discuss any **FOUR** revolutionary events conducted to fulfill the above aspiration.

[4]

[illegible]

b) Do you think the introduction of modern Education in Bhutan has led to decrease in Bhutanese interest in monastic education? Briefly explain your answer with **THREE** justifications.

[3]

[illegible]

- c) As a Director General of the Department of Dratshang Lhentshög, how would you promote monastic education along with the growing attention of the modern education? Write **THREE** measures.

[3]

[illegible]

Question 5

- a) Write the year against the following achievements of the Fourth Druk Gyalpo: [4]

ACTIVITIES	YEAR OF CONDUCT
Bhutan became the member of UNO.	
Bhutan joined the Non Aligned Movement.	
Bhutan became the member of SAARC.	
First draft of our constitution released.	

- b) Battle of Samkhar of 1857 was the battle that paved the way for the introduction of Hereditary Monarchy in Bhutan. Do you agree? Support your view with **TWO** justifications. [2]

Question 6

- a) What were the **TWO** responsibilities of the Desis as per the law set up by the Zhabdrung Ngawang Namgyal? [2]

[illegible]

- b) With reference to the five developmental areas of the Second Five Year Plan, estimate the extent of development with an example each to show the progress in these areas in the present time. [5]

- c) Match the Modalities of becoming a Desi in column A with the most appropriate Desi in column B. Rewrite the correct matching pairs in the space provided.

[3]

Column A	Column B
Appointment by monastic body	Druk Rabgay
Self appointment through assassination & force	Jigme Namgyal
Appointment through coup d 'etat	Mipham Wangpo
	Tshenlop Tsondrue Pekar

SECTION C: Indian History

Answer any **TWO** questions.

[20 Marks]

Question 7

- a) With the turn of new century, many factors led to the growth of Indian Nationalism in the 19th and 20th century. With reference to the above statement, answer the following questions.

- i. Briefly explain how economic exploitation of India led to the growth of Indian nationalism.

[2]

ii. List **THREE** international events that triggered the rise of Indian nationalism.

[3]

Question 8

- a) Refer the table showing the list of British Viceroys to India with their notable service towards the last phase of Indian freedom fighting. Name the last Viceroy to British rule in India and mention the service he is known for.

[2]

Name of the Viceroy	Service
Lord Irwin	Gandhi-Irwin Pact.
Linlithgow	August Offer.
Wavell	Shimla Conference.

- b) List **FIVE** plans and programmes that could have been initiated to make Mahatma Gandhi's Non Cooperation Movement successful.

[5]

[illegible]

Question 9

- a) With reference to growth of Indian Nationalism in the 19th century, name the British Viceroy who was an eye opener to the Indians through his pro – Indian act. [1]

- b) Describe **THREE** objectives of the Lahore session of the Congress of 1929. [3]

- c) If the media censorship was prevalent during end of 19th century in India, how would it have affected the rise of Indian Nationalism? Write **TWO** effects. [2]

d) The British domination in India affected the Indians by the First World War. What are the **FOUR** major impacts of the First World War on Indian Politics? [4]

SECTION D: World History

*Answer any **TWO** questions.*

[20 Marks]

Question 10

- a) Write **TWO** similarities and **TWO** differences between Benito Mussolini and Hitler's regime.

[4]

b) List **THREE** benefits received by the Allies with the victory of the British General at El Alamein in 1942. [3]

Question 11

a) List a feature each for the following campaigns: [2]

- i. Operation Barbarossa.
- ii. Operation Overlord.

b) With reference to the Spanish Civil War of 1936, briefly explain the roles of the following: [4]

- i. Non-international Committee.
- ii. General Franco.

c) The passing of Nuremberg law in 1935 legalized the Anti- Semitic policy of Adolf Hitler. Do you think that Hitler made the right decision in passing the law? Support our answer with **FOUR** reasons.

[4]

Question 12.

- a) Briefly explain how the German invasion of Poland in 1939 triggered the Second World War. [4]

[illegible]

