



STUDENT NAME : \_\_\_\_\_  
SCHOOL NAME : \_\_\_\_\_  
DZONGKHAG : \_\_\_\_\_

ROLL NO : \_\_\_\_\_  
SECTION : \_\_\_\_\_  
GENDER : \_\_\_\_\_

**SOCIAL STUDIES**

**Reading Time: 15 Minutes**

**Full Marks: 100**

*For Teachers' use only*

Question	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5				Q6					Q7		
					a	b	c	d	a	b	ac	di	dii	e	a	b
Mark	25	10	10	10	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	2
Mark scored																
Initial																
Total																

Question	Q7			Q8						Q9				
	c	d	e	a	b	c	d	e	f	a	b	c	d	e
Mark	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	2
Mark scored														
Initial														
Total														
Final score:														
Initial of the tabulator:														

**READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY:**

1. In this booklet you will find **NINE** questions. You must answer all the questions.
2. Answers to **all** the questions must be written neatly in the spaces provided.
3. Do **not** write during the first **fifteen minutes**. This time is to be spent on reading the questions.
4. You will have **TWO** hours to answer all the questions.
5. You will be allowed to leave the examination room only half-an-hour before the completion of the stipulated time.

(First **FIFTEEN** minutes could also be used by the teachers on duty to explain the instructions)

### Question 1

[25]

**Direction: For each question, there are four alternatives: A, B, C and D. Choose the correct alternative and circle it. Do not circle more than ONE alternative. If there are more than one choice circled, NO score will be awarded.**

- i. The celestial body that is found between Venus and Mars is
  - A Earth.
  - B Jupiter.
  - C Uranus.
  - D Mercury.
  
- ii. During summer solstice, Bhutan experiences
  - A short day and short night.
  - B long day and long night.
  - C long day and short night.
  - D long night and short night.
  
- iii. What time will it be at  $105^{\circ}$  east longitude when it is 4:00PM in Bhutan?
  - A 4:00 AM
  - B 4:00 PM
  - C 5:00 PM
  - D 5:00 AM
  
- iv. Blue pine, fir and cypress are the trees commonly found in the
  - A Northern Foothills.
  - B Southern Foothills.
  - C Greater Himalayas.
  - D Inner Himalayas.
  
- v. Cro-Magnon men were early Homo sapiens. Which of the following characteristics best describes Cro-Magnon men?
  - A They had small brain with small skull.
  - B They could hunt animals and make use of fire.
  - C They had prominent chin, forehead and long legs.
  - D They had large brain and solid body with strong bone structure.

vi. Read the environmental policies given below.

- I. Reduce import of cars.
- II. Reduce the price of fuels.
- III. Encourage use of electric cars.
- IV. Improve public transport services.

As a Dzongkhag Environmental Officer, recommend the environmental policies that could reduce air pollution.

- A I, II and III
- B I, II and IV
- C I, III and IV
- D II, III and IV

vii. All of the following are the advantages of having industries in the country

**EXCEPT**

- A increases income.
- B increases unemployment.
- C improves living standard.
- D improves roads, schools and hospitals.

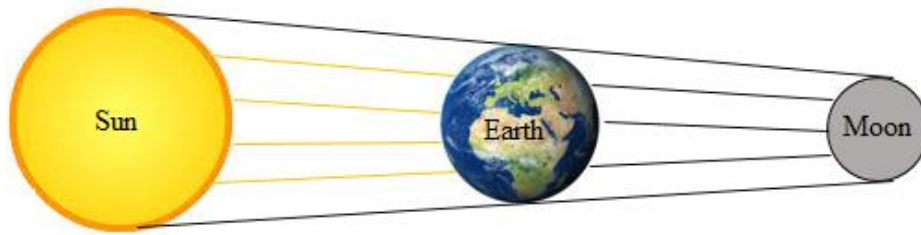
viii. If you want to travel from Paro to Bumthang in a very short time, which transport system would you choose to travel?

- A railway transport
- B water transport
- C road transport
- D air transport

ix. On 23rd September, northern hemisphere experiences

- A Winter Solstice.
- B Spring Equinox.
- C Summer Solstice.
- D Autumnal Equinox.

- x. Use the diagram to answer the question given below.



The diagram above illustrates

- A Lunar Eclipse.
  - B Partial Eclipse.
  - C Solar Eclipse.
  - D Total Eclipse.
- xi. The heat zone is located between  $0^{\circ}$  to  $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  south and  $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  north. This zone always receives direct rays of the Sun throughout the year. This is the
- A Torrid Zone.
  - B Frigid Zone.
  - C Temperate Zone.
  - D South Temperate Zone.
- xii. Bhutan is a landlocked country. The term landlocked means a country surrounded by
- A water on three sides.
  - B land on three sides.
  - C water on all sides.
  - D land on all sides.
- xiii. Which of the following is **TRUE** about the people living in the New Stone Age?
- A They wandered from place to place in search of food.
  - B They wandered from place to place for hunting.
  - C They had not learnt to grow their own food.
  - D They began to use metal to make tools.

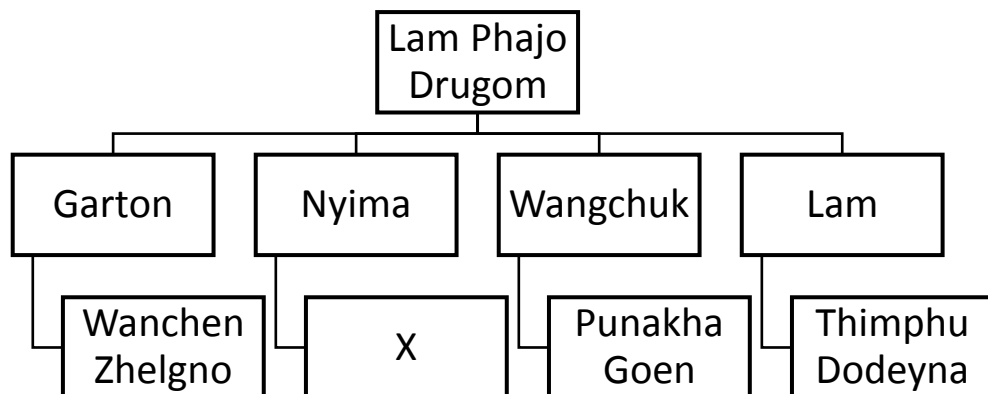
- xiv. Dorji is the class captain of Class VI A. Every day after the last period, he switches off the lights and fans in his classroom. The duty performed by Dorji helps in the
- A waste management.
  - B conservation of water.
  - C conservation of energy.
  - D conservation of environment.
- xv. 'People sell their service to earn money.' For example, if Sangay fixes light and wires, what is his job?
- A a mason
  - B a plumber
  - C a mechanic
  - D an electrician
- xvi. Like classroom rules, drivers follow certain rules while driving vehicles. Such rules are known as
- A office rules.
  - B school rules.
  - C traffic rules.
  - D police rules.
- xvii. Wangchuk is the son of Lhamo, who is the daughter of Naku. What is the relationship between Naku and Wangchuk?
- A great grandson
  - B grandson
  - C nephew
  - D son
- xviii. A family consisting of father, mother, son and a daughter is an example of a
- A small family.
  - B large family.
  - C nuclear family.
  - D extended family.

xix. Which of the following festivals is **CORRECTLY** matched against the Dzongkhag?

- I. Lomba-----Paro
- II. Dashain-----Gasa
- III. Nyinlo-----Samste
- IV. Lhaboe-----Mangde

- A I and II
- B I and IV
- C II and III
- D III and IV

xx. Study the family tree given below.



‘X’ is

- A Kochung Choeje.
- B Dramitse Choeje.
- C Dungkar Choeje.
- D Changangkha Zhelgno.

- xxi. Earth takes 4 minutes to spin one degree. How many minutes will it take to spin 360 degrees?
- A 360 minutes
  - B 1220 minutes
  - C 1440 minutes
  - D 1640 minutes
- xxii. Animals like takins, blue sheep and musk deer are found in the Greater Himalayas while buffaloes and tigers are found in the Southern Foothills. This is because of the difference in the
- A altitude.
  - B season.
  - C latitude.
  - D monsoon.
- xxiii. Dodo makes water and incense offering to god apart from praying every morning and evening. This practice best describes a
- A value.
  - B ritual.
  - C festival.
  - D custom.
- xxiv. No one really knows how fire was discovered. However, as per some historical records, the fire was discovered when ancient people
- A saw lightening in the sky.
  - B found many wild animals burnt in the forest.
  - C saw sparks when hooves of running deer struck rocks.
  - D saw sparks when two stones were struck against each other.



Refer the pictures given below.



I



II



III



IV

xxv. Which of the above pictures symbolizes impermanence?

- A I
- B II
- C III
- D IV

## Question 2

[10]

**Direction:** Fill in the blanks with appropriate word(s). Write the answers in the spaces provided.

i.	Appalachian is an example of _____ mountain.	
ii.	The lines that separate the Earth to create equal day and night is called _____.	
iii.	The series of lines called _____ helps to find time.	
iv.	The climate between 3000 meters to 4000 meters is _____.	
v.	The movement of people from village to towns is called _____.	

vi.	We cannot survive without food, clothes and water. This is called _____.	
vii.	Tashi Cell is one of the means of _____.	
viii.	The administrative head of the Gewog is _____.	
ix.	The Buddha, the Sangha and the Dharma are called _____.	
x.	Conducting surgery by watching television is known as _____.	

### Question 3

[10]

**Direction: Match each item in column I against the most appropriate item in column II. Write only the alphabet against the number in the space provided below.**

Column I	Column II
i. Deposition of sand and silt	a. domestic airport
ii. A mixture of gum and dyes	b. <i>Lhachoe Gyewa Chu</i>
iii. Buying more cars	c. 1200-7000 BC
iv. Penden Cement Authority	d. international airport
v. Airports at Bumthang, Yonphula and Gelephu	e. mining
vi. Laws in our country are based on	f. clustered settlement
vii. People living together, learning and helping each other	g. scattered settlement
viii. Better and polished tools with wooden handles	h. alluvial plains
ix. Thimphu town is an example of	i. ink
x. Taking out minerals like coal and gypsum from the ground	j. air pollution
	k. secondary activities
	l. social institutions

i.	
ii.	
iii.	
iv.	
v.	
vi.	
vii.	
viii.	
ix.	
x.	

#### Question 4

[10]

**Direction: Write TRUE or FALSE against each statement in the space provided.**

i.	Love and unity can keep a family together. (_____)	
ii.	Language cannot help in the promotion of cultural heritage. (_____)	
iii.	Guru Rinpoche came from Tibet through Singye Dzong in Bhutan. (_____)	
iv.	If Dechen is a pilot, she will be flying an aeroplane in the layer of hydrosphere. (_____)	
v.	In the past, people chose to settle at higher altitude areas. (_____)	
vi.	It is not easy to construct railway tracks in a mountainous country. (_____)	

vii.	The Gup assists the Tshogpa to organize Gewog meetings. (_____)	
viii.	Buddha prophesized that “after my nirvana, I will be reborn in the country of Ugyen as Pema Jungney”. (_____)	
ix.	Reduce means to cut the amount of things you need. (_____)	
x.	If you are working in the Bank of Bhutan, your activities will be under primary activities. (_____)	

**Direction: Answer the following questions in the spaces provided. The marks for each question are given in the brackets [ ].**

**Question 5**

- a) Why do you think Earth is suitable for living? Mention **TWO** reasons. [2]


- b) Earth’s axis is inclined towards  $66\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ . What would happen if the Earth’s axis was not inclined? [3]



- c) What would have happened if the early people had not learnt how to domesticate animals? [2]


- d) Bhutanese children show ‘Tha Damtshi’ to their parents for the love and care they receive from them. Write any **FOUR** ways to show ‘Tha Damtshi’ to your parents. [2]

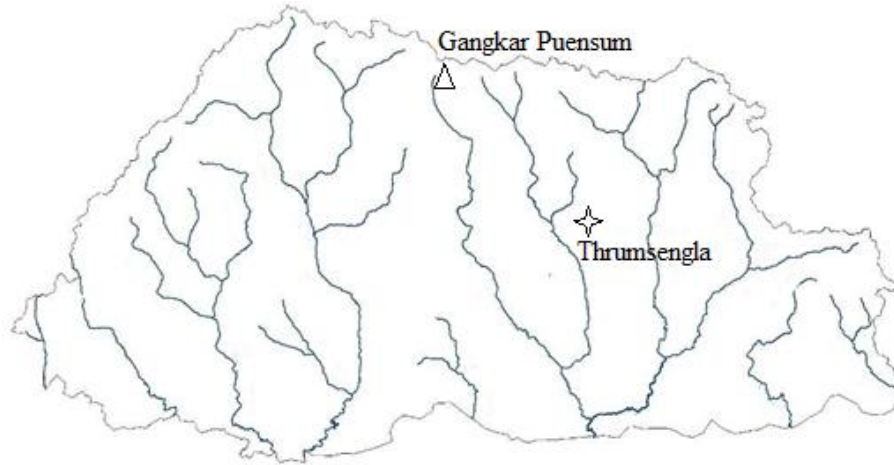

### Question 6

- a) Every year we perform annual rituals at home. Write any **TWO** advantages of conducting such rituals. [2]


- b) Mention any **TWO** significant contributions Lam Phajo Drugom Zhigpo made to Bhutan. [1]


- c) As we move towards the east, from Thailand to Japan, the time gets ahead of Greenwich. Justify the statement with **TWO** reasons. [2]


- d) The map below is to be used for the questions i and ii.



- i. Name any **ONE** animal found in Gangkar Puensum. [1]

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- ii. Write any **ONE** tree found in Thrumshing La. [1]

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- e) Karma and Dendup live in Phuentsholing and they want to go to Bodhgaya for pilgrimage. Which **TWO** possible types of transport would they choose to travel? [2]


### Question 7

- a) “Zhabdrung Ngawang Namgyel is a great saint, scholar and statesman who was the true reincarnation of Kuenkhen Pema Karpo. He came to Bhutan and is highly respected even today”. Write any **TWO** examples of his contributions to Bhutan. [2]

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- b) A school caretaker has three children. He visits hospital to seek advice about family planning. If you were a Health Assistant, what advice would you give him? [2]


- c) Give **ONE** similarity and **ONE** difference between Lithosphere and Hydrosphere. [1]

Similarity		
Lithosphere	Hydrosphere	

Difference		
Lithosphere	Hydrosphere	



- d) 'Leap year comes after every four years.' Explain the statement. [2]


- e) Why do you think fishing is **NOT** an important primary activity in our country? [2]


### Question 8

- a) The price of *Yartsa Guenbub* is very high as it has medicinal value and is very difficult to collect. Name any **FOUR** items required when highlanders collect *Yartsa Guenbub*. [2]


- b) While climbing *Jomo Lhari*, Deki and her friends suffered from mountain sickness. [1]  
Give any **ONE** reason that causes such sickness.


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- c) Classify the following items into latitude and longitude in the table given below. [2]

Meridian	Equator	Tropic of Cancer	International Dateline
Latitude		Longitude	

- d) Study the pictures A and B.



A



B

- Which picture would you prefer to choose to live with your family? Give any **ONE** [1]  
reason to support your answer.


- e) During the New Stone Age, people were more advanced than during the Old Stone [2]  
Age. Justify with **TWO** points.


f) Suggest any **TWO** ways to stop shifting cultivation. [1]


### Question 9

a) Cultural change is happening in Bhutan due to modernization. If you were a school principal, what **TWO** points would you suggest to promote and preserve our culture? [2]


- b) Community forests are set up to promote and ensure forest protection. Almost all villages have community forest which helps to improve their livelihood. How is the community forest related to primary activities of people? [1]


- c) These days, people travel from one place to another only for trade and business. [2]  
Do you agree or disagree? Justify your stand with **TWO** points.


- d) Two people have dispute over a land in a Gewog. How would a Gup solve their dispute? Mention any **TWO** ways. [2]


- e) Ashoka the Great was a very powerful emperor and a warrior. After Kalinga war, [2]  
he became a Buddhist. Justify that he was a great Buddhist emperor with **TWO**  
reasons.
